



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diesel Recovery

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015, in compliance with the Hazardous Product Act (HPA, as amended) and the requirements of the Hazardous Product Regulations (HPR).

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	Diesel Recovery
Product number	DRC
Recommended use of the che	emical and restrictions on use
Application	Fuel additive.
Uses advised against	Avoid the formation of mists.
Details of the supplier of the s	afety data sheet
Supplier	AMSOIL INC. Bordner, Ladner, Gervais Scotia Plaza, 40 King St W Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 3Y4 T: +1 416-367-6547
Manufacturer	AMSOIL INC. One AMSOIL Center, Superior, WI 54880, USA. T: +1 715-392-7101 compliance@amsoil.com
Emergency telephone numbe	<u>r</u>
Emergency telephone	CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 Outside the USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970 (collect calls accepted) 24/7
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substance	e or mixture
OSHA/WHMIS Regulatory Status	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and according to the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Product Regulations.
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226
Health hazards	Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 3 - H402 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412
Label elements Pictogram	

Signal word



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Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P240 Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing vapor/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection. P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/ doctor. P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P331 Do NOT induce vomiting. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	Hydrogenated base oil, Hydrogenated base oil, Naphthalene

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients Mixtures	
Hydrogenated base oil	50 - 90%
CAS number: 8052-41-3	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
STOT RE 1 - H372	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	

Hydrogenated base oil	5 - <10%
CAS number: 64742-94-5	
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1 - <2.5%
CAS number: 95-63-6	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
Naphthalene	0.5 - <1%
CAS number: 91-20-3	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1
Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Carc. 2 - H351 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	
	atements is displayed in Section 16.
Composition comments	The exact percentage is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.
4. First-aid measures	
Description of first aid measu	lires
General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air an keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person o their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

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Skin Contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Indication of immediate medic	al attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Tractournationally
	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder
5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Special hazards arising from t	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. he substance or mixture Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapors may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or
5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Special hazards arising from t Specific hazards Hazardous combustion	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. he substance or mixture Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapors may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

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Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves, that provides a basic level of protection during chemical incidents is defined by the Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, by provincial guidelines on occupational health and safety or by NFPA standards if applicable.
6. Accidental release measure	95
Personal precautions, protection	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: Absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
7. Handling and storage	

Precautions for safe handling

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Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapors may accumulate on the floor and in low- lying areas. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non- sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Avoid contact with used product.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate sparks from static electricity. Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
Specific end uses(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.
8. Exposure Controls/persona	protection
Control parameters Occupational exposure limits Comments	The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.
Hydrogenated base oil	
	pur TWA): OSHA 500 ppm 2900 mg/m³ pur TWA): ACGIH 100 ppm 525 mg/m³
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	
Long-term exposure limit (8-ho	pur TWA): ACGIH 25 ppm 123 mg/m³
Naphthalene	
Long-term exposure limit (8-ho A3, DSens, Sk OSHA = Occupational Safety	our TWA): OSHA 10 ppm 50 mg/m³ our TWA): ACGIH 10 ppm 52 mg/m³ and Health Administration.
ACGIH = American Conference	e of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. logen with Unknown Relevance to Humans.

Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

Hydrogenated base oil (CAS: 8052-41-3)

Nationwide AMSOIL Dealer Serving the entire state of Maryland including the cities of Hanover, Baltimore, Columbia, Germantown and Silver Spring .

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	Immediate dange and health	r to life	20,000 mg/m³
			Naphthalene (CAS: 91-20-3)
	Immediate dange and health	r to life	250 ppm
Exposure co	ontrols		
Appropriate controls	engineering	be requir the nece ventilation Persona adequate	adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may red to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or ssity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust on or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. I protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled ely by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly d and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.
Eye/face pro	otection	eye cont comply v SOR/86- safety at	complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates act is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should with OSHA 1910.133 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, 304, Part XII (12.6), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and work. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protec	tion	a risk as chosen i about the should c work, SC resist de use that	al-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if sessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be n consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information e breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves omply with OSHA 1910.138 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at DR/86-304, Part XII (12.9), and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and gradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any ation is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin a protection	ind body		ate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard e worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene me	asures	allowed and the Wash at using do	eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried n cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory	protection	assessm equipme fits tightl cartridge safety at health an 1910.13 (12.7), a and quan 1910.13	ory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk nent indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective int is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator y and the filter is changed regularly. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter is should comply with OSHA 1910.134 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to and safety at work. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 4 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Half mask ther mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 4 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Half mask ther mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 4 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. APA to the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. SOR/86-304, Part XII



Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.		
9. Physical and Chemical Prop	perties		
Information on basic physical	Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.		
Color	Amber.		
Odor	Mild hydrocarbon.		
Odor threshold	Not available.		
рН	Not available.		
Melting point	-70°C/-94°F Estimated value.		
Initial boiling point and range	157.2°C/315°F Estimated value.		
Flash point	43.3°C/110°F Tag closed cup.		
Evaporation rate	Slow.		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.7% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 6.8%		
Vapor pressure	0.9 hPa Estimated value.		
Vapor density	> 4		
Relative density	0.79		
Solubility(ies)	Not known.		
Partition coefficient	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	232.2°C/450°F Estimated value.		
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.		
Viscosity	Not applicable.		
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.		
Oxidizing properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidizing.		
Volatility	98% Estimated value.		
10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, drill, grind or otherwise expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.		

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Materials to avoid	Oxidizing materials. Acids - oxidizing.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.
11. Toxicological information	
Information on toxicological ef	fects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	550.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization	Deced on evaluate the electrification exiteric and not
Skin sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Target organs	Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	STOT RE 1 - H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the
	result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.



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General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin Contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target Organs	Central nervous system

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Hydrogenated base oil

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,000.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,000.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,001.0
Species	Rabbit
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ vapours mg/l)	590.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	590.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe erythema (3). Edema score: Slight oedema - edges of area well defined by definite raising (2).
Serious eye damage/irritation	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.1 ml, 1 minute, Rabbit Not irritating.
Skin sensitization	
Skin sensitization	Buehler test - Guinea pig: Not sensitizing.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation: Negative.

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Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	LOAEL 250 mg/kg/day, Dermal, Mouse No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility - NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat P
Reproductive toxicity - development	Embryotoxicity: - NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Target organs	Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat NOAEC >= 24 mg/m³, Inhalation, Rat
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD ₅₀ mg/kg)	6,000.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	6,000.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,440.0
Species	Rat
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Read across data. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,440.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	10.2
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	REACH dossier information. Read across data. Harmful if inhaled.
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	10.2



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Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Dose: 0.5 ml, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Well defined erythema (2). REACH dossier information. Read across data. Irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritatio	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Dose: 0.2 ml, 1 second, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Read across data. Slightly irritating.
Respiratory sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitization	
Skin sensitization	Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitizing. REACH dossier information. Read across data. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 1470 mg/m ³ , Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	NOAEL 600 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Read across data. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	0.63 cSt @ 50°C/122°F REACH dossier information. Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.
al Information	

Toxicity

12. Ecolog

Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrogenated base oil

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LL ₅₀ , 96 hours: 2 - 5 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EL₅₀, 48 hours: 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna



	Acute toxicity - aqui plants	uatic	EL₅₀, 24 hours: 1 - 3 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	Chronic aquatic to	xicity	
	NOEC		
	Degradability		
	Chronic toxicity - fi life stage	ish early	NOEL, 28 days: 0.098 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) QSAR model
	Chronic toxicity - a invertebrates	aquatic	EL₅₀, 21 days: 0.89 mg/l, Daphnia magna
			1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
	Toxicity		Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Acute aquatic toxic	city	
	Acute toxicity - fish	h	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 7.72 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) REACH dossier information.
	Acute toxicity - aqui invertebrates	uatic	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna REACH dossier information.
	Acute toxicity - aqu plants	uatic	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 2.356 mg/l, Freshwater algae REACH dossier information. QSAR model
Persistence	and degradability		
Persistence	and degradability	The deg	radability of the product is not known.
Ecological in	nformation on ingree	dients.	
			Hydrogenated base oil
	Biodegradation		Water - Degradation 61 %: 28 days
	Ū		Readily biodegradable but failing the 10-day window.
			1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
	Persistence and degradability		The product is readily biodegradable.
	Phototransformation	on	Water - DT₅₀ : 12 hours REACH dossier information.
	Biodegradation		Water - Degradation 75%: 5 days
Bioaccumula	ative potential		
Bio-Accumu	lative Potential	No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coe	efficient	Not avai	lable.
Ecological in	nformation on ingree	dients.	
			Hydrogenated base oil

Hydrogenated base oil

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	Bio-Accumulative	e Potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product.
			1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
	Bio-Accumulative	e Potential	BCF: 243, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) QSAR model REACH dossier information.
	Partition coefficie	ent	log Kow: 3.65 REACH dossier information.
Mobility in a	soil		
Mobility		No data	available.
Ecological	information on ingr	edients.	
			Hydrogenated base oil
	Mobility		Volatile.
			1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene
	Mobility		The product is partly soluble in water and may spread in the aquatic environment.
	Adsorption/deso	rption	Soil - log Koc 3.04 REACH dossier information. QSAR model
Other adve	erse effects		
Other adve	erse effects	None kno	own.
13. Dispos	al considerations		
-	al considerations		
-	tment methods	products way. Dis comply w any local handling containe	eration of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied rs that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners in some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Waste trea	tment methods	products way. Dis comply w any local handling contained may reta Do not en licensed clothes a	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied rs that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners in some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. mpty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is
Waste trea General inf Disposal m	tment methods	products way. Dis comply w any local handling contained may reta Do not en licensed clothes a labeled w	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied rs that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners in some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. mpty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is
Waste trea General inf Disposal m	tment methods formation nethods	products way. Dis comply w any local handling contained may reta Do not ed licensed clothes a labeled w not feasil	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied rs that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners in some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. mpty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is
Waste trea General inf Disposal m	tment methods formation nethods	products way. Dis comply w any local handling contained may reta Do not ed licensed clothes a labeled w not feasil	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied rs that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners in some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. mpty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is ble.
Waste trea General inf Disposal m 14. Transp General	tment methods formation nethods	products way. Dis comply w any local handling contained may reta Do not ed licensed clothes a labeled w not feasil	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied rs that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners in some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. mpty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is ble.
Waste trea General inf Disposal m 14. Transp General <u>UN Numbe</u>	tment methods formation nethods Fort information	products way. Dis comply w any local handling contained may reta Do not el licensed clothes a labeled w not feasil	wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied rs that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners in some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous. mpty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is ble.

UN No. (DOT)	UN1268
UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (TDG)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (CONTAINS HYDROGENATED BASE OIL, 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (CONTAINS HYDROGENATED BASE OIL, 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (CONTAINS HYDROGENATED BASE OIL, 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE)
Proper shipping name (DOT)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (CONTAINS HYDROGENATED BASE OIL, 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE)
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT hazard class	3
DOT hazard label	3
TDG class	3
TDG label(s)	3
IMDG Class	3

DOT transport labels

ICAO class/division



Transport labels



Packing group

TDG Packing Group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III
DOT packing group	III

Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance No.

Special precautions for user		
EmS	F-E, S-E	
DOT reportable quantity	RQ: Naphthalene (11111.1111 lbs)	
Transport in bulk according to	Not applicable	

3

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code



15. Regulatory information	
Regulatory References	OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200 Hazardous Products Regulation (SOR/2015-17) Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations -SOR/2015-100.
US Federal Regulations	
	ly Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities
None of the ingredients are	listed or exempt.
CERCLA/Superfund, Hazar The following ingredients ar	dous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA) re listed or exempt:
<i>Naphthalene</i> Final CERCLA RQ: 100(45.	4) pounds (Kilograms)
SARA Extremely Hazardou	s Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities
None of the ingredients are	listed or exempt.
SARA 313 Emission Report	•
The following ingredients ar	e listed or exempt:
<i>Naphthalene</i> 0.1 %	
<i>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</i> 1.0 %	
CAA Accidental Release Pr None of the ingredients are	
SARA (311/312) Hazard Ca None of the ingredients are	•
OSHA Highly Hazardous C	hemicals
None of the ingredients are	listed or exempt.
US State Regulations	
California Proposition 65 Ca The following ingredients ar	arcinogens and Reproductive Toxins re listed or exempt:
<i>Naphthalene</i> Known to the State of Califo	ornia to cause cancer.
California Air Toxics "Hot S The following ingredients ar	
Naphthalene	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	
California Air Toxics "Hot S	
None of the ingredients are	listed or exempt.
California Directors List of H The following ingredients ar	
Hydrogenated base oil	
Naphthalene	

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FREE CATALOG



Diesel Recovery

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Hydrogenated base oil

Naphthalene

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Hydrogenated base oil

Naphthalene

Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Hydrogenated base oil

Naphthalene

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Hydrogenated base oil

Naphthalene

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Hydrogenated base oil

Naphthalene

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

16. Other information

SAVE UP TO 25%

Diesel Recovery

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	C.A.S. = Chemical Abstracts Service; E.C. No = European Commission number; GHS = Globally Harmonised System; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; WHMIS = Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System; DOT = Department of Transport; TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods Regulations; IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IATA = International Air Transport Association; SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental; EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; LD/LC/EC = Lethal Dose,Lethal Concentration/Effect Concentration for 50% of population; NOEC = No Overall Effect Concentration; NOEL = No Overall Effect Level; REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & Restriction of Chemicals; STOT-RE = Single Target Organ Toxicity - Repeat Exposure; STOT-SE= Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure; PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic; vPvB = Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Carc. = Carcinogenicity Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Key literature references and sources for data	Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	This is the first issue.
Revision date	5/9/2018
SDS No.	7488
Hazard statements in full	 H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H402 Harmful to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.